### WEWS SUMMARY.

City Adams.

-Considerable excitement was created on Saturday night at Fifteenth and Race streets. owing to a report that a boy had been shot and intally injured. It appears that Lieutenant Gerke, of the Sixteenth district, had re ceived complaints on Arch, Twelfth, and Race streets, of the houses of ill-repute in some of the courts which intersect these squares. The Lieutenant has been busy in trying to abate the nuisance. On Saturday night he detailed Officers John Green, Thomas Duncan, and others to go out in citizen's dress and arrest the inmates of the houses referred to as they left the premises. By the time they arrived at Twelfth and Race streets they had arrested three of the persons belonging to the houses, and were on their to the lock-up with them. At this point they were attacked by several young men. A crowd was soon gathered, and the officers were struck with stones by the assailing party. Officer Green then gave his priter in charge of Officer Duncan, and went back to the crowd, but was soon assailed by the party in a furious manner, when he rushed among them and made for one of the ring leaders, when he was knocked down. He then drew a revolver and fixed two shots into the crowd. One of the balls struck a boy, aged fifteen years, named Thomas Lilly passing into the forepart of the left thigh, and lodging back of the femoral bone. The injury is considered dangerous. Two of the persons said to have been implicated were arrested and held to await the result of the injuries inflicted. Lilly was removed to his residence, Twelfth street, above Race. Yesterday afternoon, about half-past

o'clock, William Rowley was struck in the head with a porter bottle, at No. 411 Girard avenue. It is alleged that the blow was inflicted by William Hurley, the proprietor of the house. The affair grew out of an alterea tion about drinks. Rowley was removed to St. Joseph's Hospital. He resides at No. 1920 Cambridge street. Hurley was arrested and locked up to await the result of the injuries inflicted.

- John Collins, aged eight years, residing at No. 1532 Spring Garden street, had his feet badly injured by a bar of iron falling upon Dennis Doody, aged ten years, residing in Fourth street, below Catharine, had his arm fractured by a fall. Both were admitted to the Pennsylvania Hospital.

-The Coroner was notified on Saturday evening to hold an inquest upon the body of a child fifteen mouths old, at the house of William Fitzpatrick, at the Falls of Schuylkill, that was drowned in a wash-tub.

-William Ames, colored, aged 15 years, a native of Maryland, was admitted to the Pennsylvania Hospital yesterday, suffering from a bad cut in the head, received during a quarrel with a white man, on Shippen street, above Eighth.

#### Domestic Affairs.

-Gold closed on Saturday at 1341. -Vice-President Colfax is at San Fran-

-A bridge, with three men upon it, was swept away by the wind at Minneapolis on Saturday.

-Ex-Secretary Seward intends to visit Mexico City, and he is promised a grand reception there.

-Treasury Department clerks may now receive their pay monthly or semi-monthly, as they choose. -An experimental two hundred and fifty

coolies are to be imported into South Carolina to work on plantations, -Governor Scott, of South Carolina, is in Washington, endeavoring to secure the dis-

tribution of arms through the State. -By the explosion on Saturday of the boilers of the steamboat Cumberland, near Shawneetown, Indiana, twenty lives were lost.

- Samuel C. Clemens ("Mark Twain") has purchased one-third interest in the Buffalo Express, and takes the editorial chair to-day. -Commissioner Delano has determined to use all the means at his command to put an

end to the illicit distillation of whisky in -On Saturday night an attempt was made

to assassinate Thomas J. Brice, of Annapolis, Maryland, at his residence. The old gentleman has two severe wounds. -The plate printers of New York and

Washington and New York continue their strike, and Secretary Boutwell has promised to give their troubles his immediate attention. Wine-growers of California have asked the Union Pacific Railroad Company for lower freights, to enable them to ship their pro ducts overland, instead of by sea.

-By a writ of habeas corpus, "Reddy the Blacksmith," of New York notoriety, hoped to escape the necessity of returning from San Francisco. The writ failed, and Reddy returns with the New York officers. -The friends of Republican Senators feel

somewhat indignant that General Butler's constituents claim his election to the United States Senate on the ground that he is the only man capable of coping with Andrew Johnson, should be be returned from Ten--A base ball club from Savannah, Ga., on

a visit to Charleston, S. C., on Friday night, were honored with a guard of police, armed with Winchester rifles and fixed bayonets, which attended them to their hotel. On a former visit these chivalrous young men kicked up a row, which bred a riot. Charles. ton is indignant at the attention paid them by

# Foreign Affairs.

London, August 14.—Prince Arthur sailed from Liverpool to-day, on the City of Paris,

The time for the international boat race between the Harvard and Oxford crews has been definitely fixed for the afternoon of Friday, August 27.

The Times of to-day has an editorial on the subject of the cotton supply, wherein it says: "A curious aspect has just been given to the question of cotton supply. Just as the association for promoting this object is holding its usual meeting, merchants write us that Manchester alone is responsible for the scarcity it suffers. With all its wealth, enterprise and confidence, it has never invested a penny in a cotton-field, and the conclusion of the outside world obviously is that those who know most about cotton are convinced that cotton planting can never pay. Their caution acts on others, and cotton culture is discouraged. If the Manchester spinners would establish a cotton company, with large capital employed, in the heart of India, things would be different; but they stand aloof and refuse to risk their money in the adventure, and, when cotton comes to them, drive it down to the losing

point. "The association urges the establishment of wast cotton fields in Ethiopia, but the recom-

mendation, though interesting to growers, has little effect to cause more cotton to be grown. Cobden and his friends maintained that it was not the daty of the manufacturer to concern himself with the growth, but merely to offer a sure and steady market for the product. If India undersold America by a farthing a pound, on equal quality, she would command the Lancashire market. The true policy of the manufacturer was to keep the market open, and give preference to the best comers. How these doctrines ended we need not say, but the singular complaint of our correspondent lends an illustration to the argument. He resents the practice of the manufacturer in

driving down prices. "Is it not natural for the buyer to cheapen the article? Does not his remark strengthen the argument that the same people ought not to be buyers and sellers! His figures state that the average of Indian cotton formerly bringing 4d. per pound now brings 10d., and it may be many years before it is lower than 7d. If this means that 7d, would remunerate the planter and satisfy Lancashire, the mighty question may be near its solution. Remembering that the cardinal question is price, cotton stuffs. can be sold to the market of the world. The money to recompense the grower and spinner quantity and at a price to remunerate all con-

"Up to the time of the American war these conditions were fulfilled. The south produced, and Lancashire manufactured so cheaply that the article commanded the markets of the world. The price of Indian cotton is new two and a balf times greater than formerly, which is enough to demolish the whole trade. No wonder that looms are idle. Cheap goods and dear cotton are incompatible, and until cheap goods are produced the trade cannot revive. If an average of 7d, pays the grower, there is no reason why the industry should not revive. Protective tariffs will not always prevail. If the price spoken of will satisfy the producers, there is nothing to prevent the speedy revival of production and consumption; but between spinner and grower there must necessarily exist the ordinary commercial antagonism. Cotton is now 10d, instead of 4d., because American competition is reduced, and the price can only be abated by a return to larger and more regular supplies. If India be om feeder, it can only be on terms of free and open trade. Cotton-growers must be prepared for a revival of American industry, and the competition of the whole world. In such a race India would have great advantages, which, if increased by the judicious action of this government, it is probable that Indian agriculture and British Industry might be established on broad and permanent prosperity."

Loxbox, August 14 .- The Post has an editorial to-day on the sale of Cuba to the United States, wherein the writer says: "We entertain a shrewd suspicion that the best thing Spain can do is to close with America in respect to Cuba. She gains nothing by Cuba in its present state, but loses a sum she cannot afford. She is not strong enough to stamp out the insurrection, but is obliged by a talse sentiment of honor to continue an attempt costly and unavailing. If she is able to restore tranquillity, a considerable time must elapse before she can reap the fruits of success; and probably before that result is attained the flames of rebellion will break out afresh. These considerations will have weight with the government, and, notwithstanding the denial of rumored negotiations, we shall not be surprised to hear that the purchase and sale of Cuba has been effected."

London, August 15 .- The improvement of the Harvard crew since they first appeared on the Thames is generally admitted, but there is little betting so far.

Paris, August 15 .- Dispatches from Madrid contain reports of the discovery of additional Carlist plots for risings in various parts of the country. A party of Carlists in Valencia was vesterday defeated by the regular troops and volunteers, and fifteen prisoners were taken. A fight also took place with a band of Carlists under Vilanova, and alcalde Rostal, administrator of the civil guard. At first the small party of volunteers barely held their ground, but the arrival of reinforcements enabled them to attack the rebels and put them to flight. The second alcalde in Valencia revolted yesterday, at the head of twenty-four men, and destroyed the telegraph wires running into the place. There are great fears of important Carlist movements on the frontiers. In the town of Paterna shouts were raised by the people of "Live the Republic-death to the monarchy!" The city of Madrid remains tranquil.

Paris, August 15, evening .- The Journal Official publishes a decree in which the Emperor, in commemoration of the one hundredth birthday of Napoleon I, grants a full and complete amnesty to press and political offenders, persons convicted of evasion of taxes, deserters from the army and navy, and sailors in the merchant marine who have abandoned their ships.

The Emperor was not present at the celebration in the camp of Chalons to-day, being detained by an attack of rheumatism, and remains at St. Cloud. The Prince Imperial was

sent to Chalons to represent the Emperor. Paris is very gay to-night, the boulevards and streets being crowded. The theatres are thrown open to the people, and immense crowds are gathered to witness the illuminations and the magnificent display of fireworks provided by the government.

Lisnon, August 14 .- The regular mail steamer has arrived from Rio Janeiro July 23, The war news is quite unimportant. The provisional government for Paraguay has been definitely organized at Asuncion. The Paraguayans have taken Priuslo, and captured a Brazilian ship at anchor there. General Lopez' army is securely intrenched, and he had a large force of reserves. The Brazilian province of Matto Grosso has been exempted from the import and export duties for two

HAVANA, August 14 .- A plot has been disclosed in Matanzas to poison the bread intended for the garrison at that place. A negro made known the plot to the authorities, who

had a party arrested, tried and sentenced. A rumor is in circulation that Colonel Quiros had attacked the insurgents at Silo, and killed ninety of them. The Spanish less was small. This report is probably confounded with the sapture of General Jordan's convoy, as the localities of each of the engagements are conti-

HAVANA, August 15 .- A difficulty having arisen with the telegraph censor as to the nature of the press reports to be sent from Havana by the cable, few news dispatches have recently been allowed to pass. The matter, however, was referred to the Captain General, who reiterated his previous declaration, that all news, whether tavorable or not, should be permitted to pass over the wires, and the dificulty has now been satisfactorily arranged.

The Havana journals, in reviewing the military situation, say that the rebels under Jordan, in the jurisdiction of Santiago de Cuba, Guantanamo and Baracoa, have been obliged to take refuge in the mountains, and that the districts of Manzanilla, Bayamo and Jiguani are completely under the control of the comes from the pocket of the wearer. It is | Spaniards, no organized rebel force appearing useless to grow and spin if it cannot be sold in | there. Small parties of volunteers are found quite sufficient to protect the estates in the Trinidad and Cientuegos districts. The railroad from Nucvitas to Puerto Principe is open, and the rebels under Quesada are moving to vard Espiritu Santo.

LETTERS FROM Cuba give advices to August 5. Ceneral Jordan gives the following account of the action near Holynin: Valueseda, being reinforced, determined to surprise the Cubans. His movements were promptly reported to Jordan, who prepared to meet him. A small force was sent out to reconnoitre, and if the enemy appeared, to lead them late an ambush which had been prepared, where Jordan, with 1000 men, awaited them. Valmaseda met the advanced party, and attacking them, they retreated to the main body, who ceeived the Spanish force, more than double their number, with such earnestness that they were thrown into such disorder that it was ound impossible to reorganize them. This success was followed up by a charge, which forced a disorderly retreat. Jordan's success was complete. The colored udlitia impressed into the service broke on the first attack, and nearly all deserted to Jordan's standard.

This fight, it is asserted, has destroyed the army of Valmaseda, and given the Cubans control of the entire Holquin district. The Spanish loss is estimated at 170 in killed and wounded, and over 700 captured, in desertions and prisoners. It is reported that the slaves throughout the island are exhibiting symptoms of insubordination and sympathy with the Cespedes government. They are joining the Cubans by hundreds and thousands, defermined to secure the advantages of the decree of liberation issued by Quesada at the com-

mencement of the struggle. These men, it is said, make good and efficient soldiers. Quesada, in the Puerto Principe district, is nearly ready, these letters say, for an attack on Nuevitas, with a force suf-ficient to secure success. Lesca has been restored to the command there, and the dissensions between the regulars and volunteers have increased to such an extent as to render his force almost entirely unreliable. Unless Lesca is reinforced it is not believed be will risk a contest. Vessels sufficient to remove his troops are concentrating in front of the

# ANOTHER LARGE FIRE.

A Codfish Factory Destroyed-Loss \$80,000. Shortly before 2 o'clock yesterday morning,

the building of the Philadelphia and Boston Dessicated Codfish Company, located on Columbia avenue, between Fifth and Sixth streets, was almost entirely destroyed by fire. The building was 137 feet deep by 37 feet in width, and was five and a half stories in height. This establishment made a narrow escape from destruction at the time of the great fire at Gerker's mills some time since. It was badly secrebed at the time, and had just been repaired and painted at the time of the fire.

The alarm was given by the watchman of the adjoining building, and the firemen were promptly in attendance, and had it not been for the proximity of the Cohocksink creek. from which some of the steamers drew water, the building adjoining the one destroyed would probably have met the same fate.

The fire began in the boiler-room, but the precise origin is not known. The Dessicated Codfish Company occupied the ground floor, the second floor was occupied by Norman M. Kerr, a paper-box manufacturer, and the other stories were rented by Baum & Conway, manufacturers of steel umbrella frames.

Mr. Kerr's loss is estimated at about \$5000. Baum, Conway & Co. lose about \$10,000, on which there is an insurance of \$10,000. The title to the real estate is held by Mr. Joshua Harvey, of the firm of Harvey & Ford, turners

in ivory, bone and wood. The building was valued at \$20,000, on which there is an insurance of \$8500. The boiler and engines were valued at about \$20,000, on which there is an insurance of only \$1500. The following is a list of the

Boston and Philadelphia Salt Fish Compsny on machinery and stock:— Maryland, Baltimore..... Providence, Washington, R. L...... 3,000 Buffalo Fire and Marine...... 3,000 Western, Buffalo...... 3,000 Home, New Haven...... 3,000 United States...... 2,000

Philadelphia and East India Cocoanut Company on machinery:-Atlantic Fire and Marine, of Boston... \$2,500 Baum, Conway & Co., on stock;-Queen, London..... \$2,500 Republic, Chicago...... 2,500 2,500 Metropolitan, New York...... Norman M. Kerr, on stock:-Mercantile, New York...... \$1,500

Joseph Harvey, on building:— Spring Garden, Phoenix, and other Philadelphia companies......\$11,000

Independent...... 1,000

Hope, New York...... 1,000

Income and License Taxes.

The following is a comparative list of the income and license taxes of 1868 and 1869. The latter show a large increase over 1868:-ANNUAL LIST, 1869.

28-18-18-19-1	WAY BURNERS WILLIAM	A.
Piriston. First	\$9,221.75	Spec, Llosses The. \$10,725*00
Second	14,281 95	8,695:00
Third	7,288:59	19,905/00
Fourth	19,020.60	17,885 00
Fifth	19,912.05	40,865:00
SIXID	10,591 15	12,405.00
Seventh	321-75	18,360:00
Eighth	316 25	16,010:00
Ninth	3,067:90	19,772:00
Tenth	9,903/90	22,928:00
Eleventh	5,320:30	33,260:00
Twelfth	24,088:16	6,355*00
Thirteenth	4,687.45	10,945:00
Fourteenth	5,963:20	14,035*00
	\$134,015:59 250,045:00	
Total	\$384,000*59	
The contract of the second		CONTRACT STATE AND ADDRESS.

Increase over 1868.......828,89171 ANNUAL LIST, 1868. S4,530:00 86,073/00 4,900000 3,415:30 Third..... 9,406(0) 4,355,00 5,825/10 3,085:00 9,595400 4,255 70 Sixth 16,739500 2.688/25 Seventh.... 17,218:00 15,485280 Eighth ..... 7:900:90 14,275 900 Ninth..... 12,924 90 10.513 78 Fently.... 30,375 00 7, 110%(6) Eleventh..... 29,700:00 1,139,935 Twelfth.... 1.018:75 11,610,00 Thirteenth..... 10,020:00 3,509 75 Courteenth ..... 6,140:00 201-6609 988 Fifteenth .... 11,075/00 9,275 77 5,715:00 Sixteenth. 12,055200 Seventeenth...... 20,460:00 7,100:70

> 131,354,88 Total...........\$356,068:88

> > THE SOUTH.

\$224,714:00

\$101,351'88

Views of the President's Policy-A Savage Let-ter from Judge Bent to the President.

The following is an extract of a latter written on Saturday by Judge Dent, of Missis sippi, in reply to one received by President Grant the early part of the present month. President Grant, in the letter referred to, ave his reasons for casting the weight of his fluence in favor of the Radical party in Mississippi, and it is to that part that Judge

Dent replies thus: -Is it reasonable to suppose that a people fraving be free choice of their representatives would elect or their rulers a class of politicians whose suppos-ive and heatile conduct hitherto has residered them sive and hastlic conduct habered his rendered them peculiarly obnoxious and discrete able? This is the charge made by the people of Mississipal against the magains, or childrenness as the agree called. This charge is not made because they rought against the south and secession, for many or that class fought on the side of the Sorth. It is not made because they are of Northern birth and education, for many men of Northern birth and education, for many men of Northern birth and education, and not the Northern birth and education and of the Northern army are with us in antagonism to this obnexious party. It is not because they are Republicans, for their antagonists were maning the first in the South to eigenize on the Republican platform and to alvocate the civil and political equality of all men; were sent as delegates to Chicago, and for their consistency and constancy were rewarded by you with offices of trust and honor. But this charge is made, as I have said before, because the prescriptive antecedents and aggressive policy of these politicians toward the people of Mississipal have made them the objects of peculiar abharrence.

That policy consists not only in the continual ad-

That policy consists not only in the continual advocacy of proscription, but in preaching to the freedmen, it a time of profound peace, such revolutionary doctribes as excite and direct amount the whitemen he South and their families a most dangeror mimosity, such animosity, indeed, as, with a con inuation of the same fuel, would inevitably lead to timation of the same fuel, would havetably lead to a black man's party and a war of races. Neither are such doctrines preached with an honest desire to ameliorate the condition of the freemen or promote the ends of peace or strengthen the Republican party in the South, but solely to allemate from the planter the time-honored confidence and affection of this race in order that the new political element under the banner of Republicanism might be entirely controlled and subordinated to their own purposes of power and aggrandizement. And to this class of men, whom you folled in their attempt to force upon the people of Mississippi the odious Constitution recopie of Mississippi the odious Constitution re ected at the ballot-box, you now give the hand o riendship and support, and spurn from you tha ther class, who, in accepting the invitation of the Republican party in good faith, came in mass in Vir-ginia and Tennessee, as they will come in Missis-sippi and Texas, to stand upon its platform and ad-

# HORRIBLE TRAGEDY.

A Young Mississippian Shot Down Without Warning.

From the Memphis Avalanche of August 11,

The citizens of Oakland, on the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, were greatly shocked, startled, and thrown into profound gloom, on Monday evening last, by the murder of a young gentleman long a resident in their midst, and universally held in high esteem, by another citizen of the place. The murdered man was Mr. Derrick Barnes, son of Mr. S. C. Barnes, who resides near the town. He was aged about twenty-six years, and a lawyer by profession. The murder was committed by Dr. Lott, a practleing physician of the town.

The cause which led to this startling tragedy is involved in deep mystery. No one was aware of hostile or unfriendly feeling existing between Dr. Lott and his victim, but, on the contrary, they were regarded as friends. Young Barnes for some time had been sharing his office with Dr. Lott, and on the evening in question, at about the hour of six o'clock, Dr. Lott was sit ting at the post office, near the murdered man's office, jocosely conversing with several others. when he abruptly left them and entered the office. In a few minutes afterwards those with whom he had just parted were surprised to hear loud and angry words on the part of Dr. Lott, One of the number hastened to the door and as he approached saw Dr. Lot standing in front of vome Barnes, who was seated, with a book in his hand—and heard him exclaim:—"You must either take it back or exlain, or your life is mine," at the same time resenting a revolver, ready cocked. Barnes eplied:—"Well, give me a chance to explain or words to that effect. The reply was instantly followed by a shot by Dr. Lott, which took effect in Barnes' body, and he fell from his chair as though mortally wounded. The murderer continued to fire rapidly, four chambers of the pistol exploding, and the ball from each entering the murdered man's body. The remaining two chambers failed to go off, from the caps snapping.

Having exhausted his weapon, Lott hastened from the office, mounted his horse, standing near, and, with the murderous weapon still in his hand, escaped, those who witnessed the bloody deed being so shocked and startled as to have made no effort at his capture. Up to last evening he was still at large. The father of his victim has offered a reward of five hundred dollars for his apprehension, and officers and others commenced a pursuit of him yesterday morning.

Barnes lived but a short time after the shoot-Barnes lived but a short taken up, and past ing, being unconscions when taken up, and past ing, being unconscions when taken up, and past aithfully as a sergeant in the 15th Mississipp Regiment during a part of the late war, and sub equently as a member of Captain Rezius Arkansas scouts. His murder has produced intense indignation and horror among those who knew him, and vigorous efforts will be made to bring his murderer to justice.

### MARINE TELEGRAPH.

For miditional Marine News see First Page. ALMANAC FOR PHILADELPHIA-THIS DAY. PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE, IOBN O. JAMES,

COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH. C. B. DURBOROW, THOMAS L. GILLESPIE, MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS. FOR AMERICA.

Moravian. Liverpool. New York. July 28
Atalanta. London. New York. July 31
Malta. Liverpool. New York via Bos. Aug. 3
Nebrseka. Liverpool. New York via Bos. Aug. 3
The Queen. Liverpool. New York. Aug. 4
C. of Boston. Liverpool. New York. Aug. 4
Liwa. Glasgow. New York. Aug. 5
New York. Havre. New York. Aug. 5
New York. Havre. New York. Aug. 7
Hammonia. Havre. New York. Aug. 7
Hammonia. Havre. New York. Aug. 7
Westphalis. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 10
Java. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 10
Java. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 10
Somaria. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 10
Colurado. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 20
Colurado. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 21
Somaria. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 22
City of Boston. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 24
City of Paris. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 25
Colleants. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 26
Colleants. New York. Liverpool. Aug. 27
J. W. Everman. Pollada. Charleston. Aug. 17
J. W. Everman. Pollada. Charleston. Aug. 19
Columbia. New York. Havans. Aug. 19
Conth. America. New York. Rio Janeleo. Aug. 21
South America. N FOR AMERICA. CLEARED SATURDAY

Steamship Hornet, Esling, Queenstown via Halifax, Cap-Steamship Hornet, Esling, Queenstawa via Rankellain.

Steamship Fionmer, Rarrett, Wilmington, N. C., Philadelphin and Southern Mati Steamship Co., Steamship Roman, Beggs, Boston, H. Winser & Co., Steamship Jas. S. Green, Pace, Richmond via Nortolk, W. P. Clarle & Co., Steamer G. H. Steat, Ford, Georgetown and Alexandria, W. P. Clarle & Co., Steamer G. H. Steat, Ford, Georgetown and Alexandria, W. P. Clarle & Co., Steamer J. S. Shriver, Dennis, Baltimore, A. Grover, Jr., Brig Abbie C. Titcomb, Titcomb, Ivigita, J. E. Bazley & Co.

O.

or Hattie Filon, Port Spain (not as before). do.

br Merchant, Phillips, Washington, D. U., J. W. Bacon.

hr Isatel, Crazer, Baltimore, do.

hr M. R. Hickman, White, Norfelk, Va., do.

hr Pervade, Erin, Baltimore, do.

hr Problem, Carnwell, Richmond, Va., do.

hr W. O. Irish, Rathban, Boston, Weld, Nagle & Co.

hr Frank Palmor, Latham, Boston, Hammett, Neill &

Co.
Schr C. C. Clark, Harvey, Baltimore, Captain.
Tag Thes. Jefferson, Allen, Baltimore, with a tow of barges,
W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tag Chesapeako, Merrihew, Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of
barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.
Steamship Fanita, Brooks, 20 hours from New York, with index to John F. Ohl.
Br. barque Ronnoke, Davis, 11 days from Laguayre, with coffect to John Bullett & Co. 11th inst., off Chingsteagus, spoke barque Isaac Rich, Achorn, from Iquique for Philadeliki. felphia.
Brig Martha A. Berry, Chase, from Matanzas July 3,
in Quarantine, with molasses to Jarden & Ero.
Brig Cascatelle, Carlisle, 2 days from New York.

ARRIVED SATURDAY.

Steamer New York, Jones, from Washington and Alexandria, with index to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Steamer R. C. Endelle, McCae, 24 hours from New York, with index to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Steamer W. C. Pierrejont, Shropshire, 24 hours from New York, with index to W. M. Al. Bairt & Co.

Steamer Monitor, Jones, 24 hours from New York, sith index to W. M. Baird & Co.

Br. Urig Maggie, Davis, 64 days from Terra Neva, Stealy, with being end to order. Br. org Maggio, Davis, is days from torra Nova, Signy, with being edge to order.

Brig Line is Wyrean. Camage. Is days from Fasa, with bugar and molesses to S. & W. Weish. Sailed in company with largue Eva., for a north orth of Hatteria. Lact at Alaes July 26, Brig Ica M. Comers. Norden. Louding for Delaware Breakmaier, and Institut Merrina. Nordela Delevate Breakmater, and Impute Marrimae, Nathon-walling carge.

Eva Harald, Lovellin, II days from Carden's, with mo-lawest to fi. W. Burnathou a Bro.

Sohr Nile Colline, I day from Loupsic, Del., with grain to los E. Patiner.

Tog Hulton, Nicholson, from Baltimore, with a tow of bayess to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Tog Commodere, Wilson, from Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of bayess to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Special Despatch to The Feeding Telemont.

Havne DE Grace, Anguer 16. The following beats loft here in towthis morning.

W. M. Carter, with humber to Trucks & Parker.

Evening Star, with lumber to J. H. Landis.

Royal area, with flint, for Trenton.

Chattie and Bertha, white coal to W. L. Lance.

Minnie, with pre-tronto S. M. Buckley.

Emma Kate, with coal to W. L. Lance.

Emma and Annie, with coal, for St. Gorge's.

Shaw & Merrill, with lumber to Watson, Malone & Go.

Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph,
EASTON & McMAJHON'S BULLETIN.
New York Office, August 14.—Nine barges leave in tow to hight for Baltimore, light.
BALTIMORE BLANCH OFFICE, August bi.—The following larges leave in tow to hight, eastward.
Wm. T. Hamilton: E. Hopper, Arabian; Thos. Leneb.; Robert Adams, Great Lastern, and Young James, all with ceal, for New York.

le S. C.

MEMORANDA. Steamship Juniate, Hoxie, from New Orleans for Phila-leiphia, suifed from Havana P. Al. litti inst. Steamship Prometheus, Gray, honce, at Churleston yes-Steamship Norfolk, Platt, for Philadelphia, sailed from Steamship Norfolk, Platt, for Philadelphia, sailed from Richmond lith inst.

Barque Meridian, Lenz, from Bremen for Philadelphia, was spoken in lat 49, long, 5 W., no date.

Barque Weedland, Lant, hence for Cark, was spoken lith inst. off Cape May.

Erig Samuel Welsh, Darrah, from Cow Bay for New York, was spoken Strinst., off George's Banks.

Brigs isola, Cables, and J. Davis, Stowers, hence, at Salemeth inst.

Brig Nuevitas, Trask, from Boston for Philadelphia, sailed from Newpert P. M. Itth inst.

Brig Tangier, Rose, hence for Boston, at Holmes' Hole A. M. 12th inst.

Brig Monica, Cobb, hence for Boston, at Holmes' Hole A. M. 13th inst.

Brig Alice M. Putnam, Crowell, hence, at Boston 14th instant. Brig Henry Trowbridge, Leighton, hence, at Buston 14th nstant.

Schr George and Albert, McDonald, for Philadelphia, ailed from Bristol 12th inst.

Schr Vermilten, Lockwood, hence, at Providence 12th astant. Schr Philanthropist, Warren, for Philadelphia, sailed Schr Finlanthropist, Warren, for Philadelphia, sailed from Warren 18th inst.

Schr Annie M. Edwards, Henson, for Philadelphia, sailed from Richmond 12th inst.

Schr Pickup, Bowen, sailed from Washington, D. C., 4th inst. for Georgetown, to load coal for Philadelphia.

Schr H. G. Early, McCalister, at Nortolk 12th inst. from City Point for Philadelphia.

Schr Pawnee, for Philadelphia, sailed from Alexandria 13th inst.

Schr Pawnee, for Philadelphia, sailed from Alexandria 13th inst.
Schra C. P. Stickney, Stubbs; Abbie Dunn, Fountain; R. H. Shannon, Dilks; J. H. Moere, Nickerson; James Alderdice, Willetts; David Faust, Wood: War Eagle, Crowell; Sophia Wilson, Walls; and J. W. Vanneman, Vanneman, hence, at Boston 13th inst.
Schra R. S. Miller, Corson; J. S. Hewitt, Foster; and George Kilborn, Stanley, hence for Boston; Baltimore, Dix, hence for Salom; and Free Wind, Frisbee, hence for Rockport, Mass, at Holmes' Hole A. M. 12th inst.
Schr Active, Coombs, Irom Boston for Philadelphia, passed Holmes' Hole P. M. 13th inst.
Schrs Lyndon, Raubach, hence, for Eastport; Nellie Starr, Poland, do, for Portland, at Holmes' Hole A. M. 13th inst. hr N. W. Megee, Ketchum, hence, at Newburyport, Schr A. Young, Young, hence, at Salem 9th inst.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The Harding's Ledge Bell Boat will be taken from her station to a few days on or about the 14th inst., for necessary repairs. Her place will be supplied by a 2d class Non-Buot, annued black.

Boston, August 13, 1868.

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THIS EVENING (Mooday), August 16,
A NEW SENSATIONAL DRAMA,
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of "The Orange Girl," entitled
DUTY,
with new scenery, by George Heilge; novel mechanical
effects, by Arthur Wright; appointments by Edward
Wood, music selected and arranged by Simon Hassier.
Silas Engleheart. Mr. Charles Walcot
Ruby Dayrell (first appearance). Lewis Morrison
Trafalgar Joe. W. H. Balley
Augustus Brown. W. A. Charpman
Jemathas Scarley W. I. Street
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First Time "Twice Married."
Second Time "Belle Helens," Thursday.
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MATINEP SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 3%. VALER'S (LATE MILLER'S) WINTER
GARDEN Nos. 720, 722, 724, and 725 VINE Street.
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ON TUESDAYS. THURSDAYS, AND
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Ou and after SATURDAY, June 25, the new and splondid steamer LADY OF THE LAKE. Captain W.
THOMPSON, will commence running regularly to CAPH
MAY, leaving ARCH STREET WHARF ON TUESDAY.
THURSDAY, and SATURDAY MORNINGS at 80°clock,
and returning leave the landing at Cape Mayon MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and SATURDAYS at 80°clock,
Fare, including Carriage hire.

82°26
Children

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Servants
150
Servants
150
Servants

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Season Tickets \$10 - Carriage hire extra.
The LADY Of THE LAKE is a fine sea boat, has and some state-room accommodations, and is fitted up ith everything necessary for the safety and comfort of reservors.

Freight received until 8% o'clock. Tickets sold and bagage checked at the transfer office, No. 328 OHESNUTirrest, under the Continental Hotel. For further particuare inquire at the Office, No. 38 North DELIAWARE

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6. H. HUDDELL,

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DAILY EXCURSIONS TO BELeaverly, Unrington, and Bristol, by the steamleast JUMN A. WARNER. Leaves Philadelnina, Laves Bristolas Fig. O'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock
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